# Getting to know your parish

# What is this spotlight?

This short spotlight brings together a range of information about your parish, both in terms of your congregations, but also the wider community living in your area. It covers areas such as Christian affiliation, population age and ethnicity profiles, household structures, deprivation, employment, schools and qualifications, alongside church statistics such as attendance and giving.

# How should I use it?

This spotlight is not an end in itself, but rather a starting place for you to explore further. You may want to discuss it at a PCC meeting or with leadership teams. We've included some questions on each page to help you to think about the information, however some things will be of more relevance in some areas than others, and these are just suggestions to get you started. We've also included some bigger questions about what to do next at the end of the spotlight on page 17. There's space for you to write some notes here. It might be helpful to write a short paragraph to summarise your community profile or note down anything that has struck you as particularly important. There are also details at the end for where you can find further information should you want to dig a little deeper.

## Questions

There is information at the end of the spotlight about where this data comes from and how it was calculated. If you have any further queries then please do contact the Research and Statistics team at statistics.unit@churchofengland.org



## Contents

1. Summary: a brief overview of your parish, including what look to be 5 of the most pressing social issues in your area

2. Age: age profile of your community

3. Ethnicity: ethnicity profile of your community

4. Integration: English language speaking and length of UK residency in your community

5. Religious affiliation: religious affiliation in your community

6. Households: families, dependents, one person households, temporary residents and housing tenure

7. Marital and civil partnership status

8. Employment: occupations, benefits and mobility in your community

- 9. Education: CofE schools and qualification levels in your community
- 10. Health: people with health problems and carers in your community
- 11. Deprivation: different types of deprivation in your community



# Parish of: Peak Forest and Dove Holes Parish Code: 120109

PARISH OVERVIEW

BUXTON
CHESTERFIELD
Derby
Dove Holes: St Paul
Peak Forest: Charles, King & Martyr

### **Fresh Expressions**

salt club: Works with children at end of school day

Parishi	oners at g	glance				
Populat	ion					
2001 <sup>3</sup>	1,400		Age I	Profile (201	1 <sup>2</sup> )	
2011 <sup>2</sup>	1,400				Parish	
	ion Christi	ian	٩	0-4	5%	
2001 <sup>3</sup>	81%		no	5-15	13%	
2011 <sup>2</sup>	68%		Age Group	16-64	63%	
			Age	65 +	20%	

Issues to look out for in your parish



# Education

**Low/No Qualifications Child Poverty** 



Research

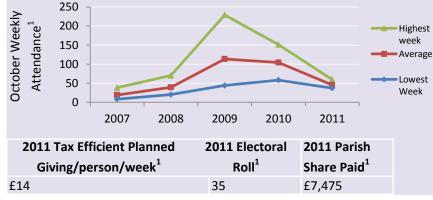
**Statistics** 

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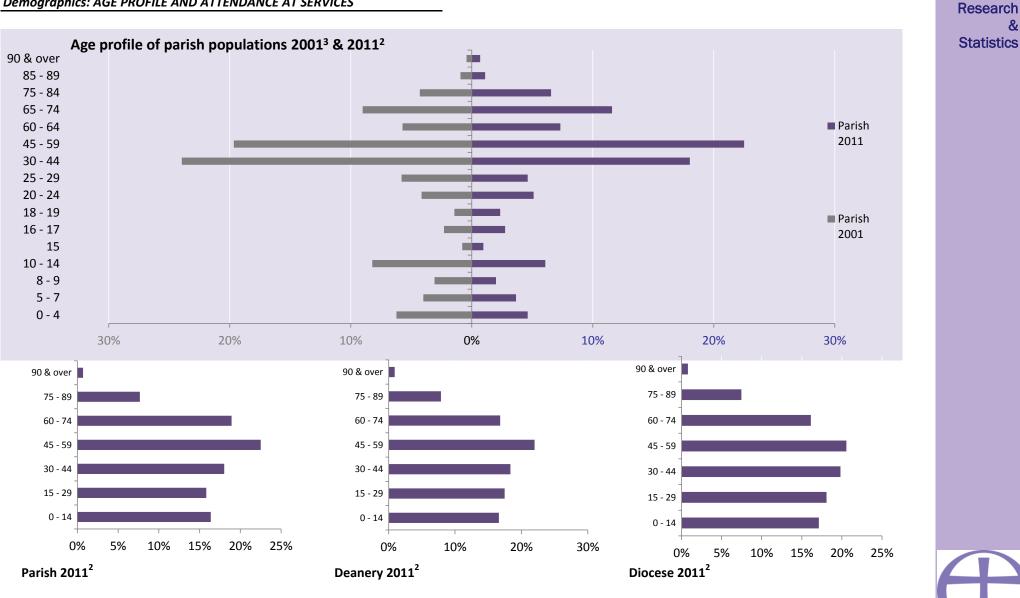
**No Qualifications** 



# **Annual Parochial Returns**



Demographics: AGE PROFILE AND ATTENDANCE AT SERVICES



Does the age profile of your congregation match that of your parish? Are you engaging with the parish's largest demographic: those aged 45 - 59?



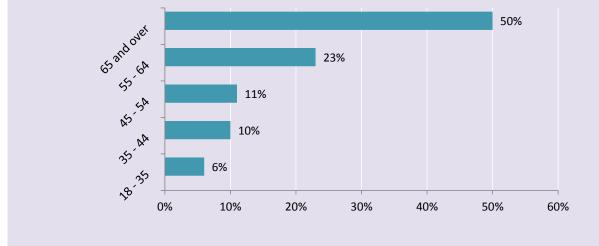
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## Demographics: AGE PROFILE AND ATTENDANCE AT SERVICES

18 - 11	45 - 64	65 +
		<b>50%</b>
		18%
0.770	_,,0	23/0
•		
<b>.</b>		_
6		
	18 - 44 16% <b>34%</b>	16% 34%

Age	Parish Population <sup>2</sup> (2011) (nearest 50)	Highest Weeks Attendance 2011 <sup>1</sup>	Infant Baptisms 2011 <sup>1</sup>
0 - 4	50	19	7
5 - 15	200	19	
16 - 64	900	F2	
65 +	300	53	

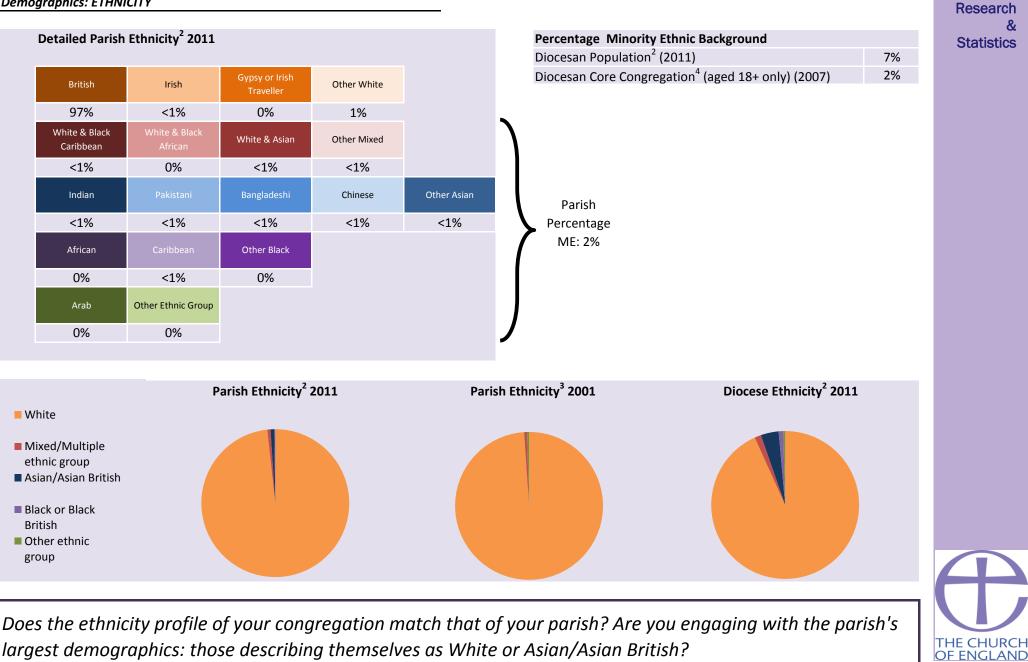
**Diocesan Core Congregation Age Profile**<sup>4</sup> (2007)



Does the age profile of your congregation match that of your parish?

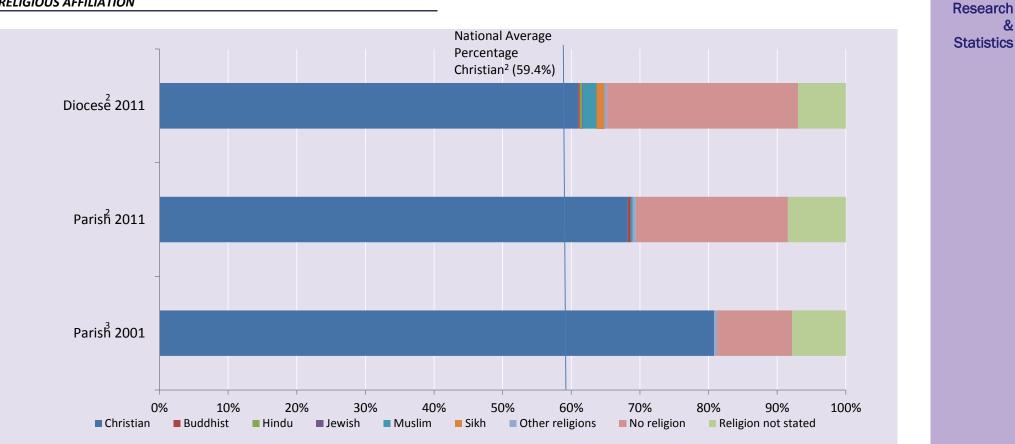






		6			
emographics: Integration					Resear
					Statist
Percentage of people who					
</td <td>1%</td> <td>1%</td> <td></td> <td>99%</td> <td></td>	1%	1%		99%	
Cannot speak English well or ca English		n speak English well or very well		main language (English or if in Wales)	
Resident in UK:					
2 · Less than 2 years	years or more but less than 5 years	5 years or more but less than 10 years	10 years or more	Born in the UK	
			A P	Tun Iun Iun Iun	
<b>&lt;1%</b>	<b>&lt;1%</b>	1%	1%	97%	
					A
Are services in your pa	rish accessible to	all residents? Do yo	u offer any services	in foreign	
anguages? What can	you offer those y	he we we had be we he		2	THE CHU OF ENGL/

#### **RELIGIOUS AFFILIATION**



# **Christians in your Parish**

In your parish <sup>2</sup>68% of the population (that is 1,150 people) declared themselves as Christian in 2011

	Easter Communicants <sup>1</sup>	37
Statistics from the Annual	Easter Day Attendance <sup>1</sup>	52
Parochial Returns 2011	Christmas Communicants <sup>1</sup>	17
	Christmas Attendance <sup>1</sup>	128

How has the religious affiliation of those living in your parish changed over the past decade? How closely does it match that of the Diocese as a whole? Are Christians in your parish engaging with your churches? How are you engaging with other faith groups?

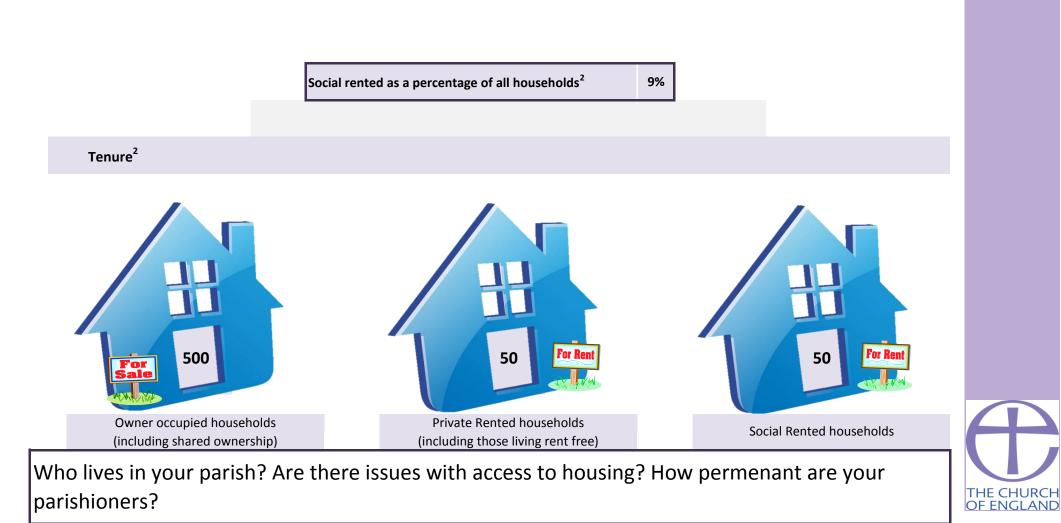


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HOUSEHOLDS, LIFESTYLE AND THE COMMUNITY I

Household Spaces <sup>2</sup> 2011	
With at least one usual resident i.e. not vacant	96%
Caravan or other mobile or temporary structure	<1%





## HOUSEHOLDS, LIFESTYLE AND THE COMMUNITY II

Research Dependent Household composition in your parish<sup>2</sup> All **Statistics** children 1% percentages are of the total number of households with residents. The smaller pie Aged 65 and over 12% Other 14% charts show the breakdown of a section of the larger ones. You can use the colours to match. Other Other 4% households All aged 65 6% and over <1% Non-One Person dependent 26% Dependent children 3% children 4% Lone parent Aged 65 and 7% over 12% Cohabiting One family couple 9% 69% Lone Parent Households as a percentage of all households with Non-dependent Non-No children 17% children<sup>2</sup> children 7% dependent children <1% 15% Married or same-sex civil partnership Dependent No children couple 40% children 4% 5% Dependent children 16%

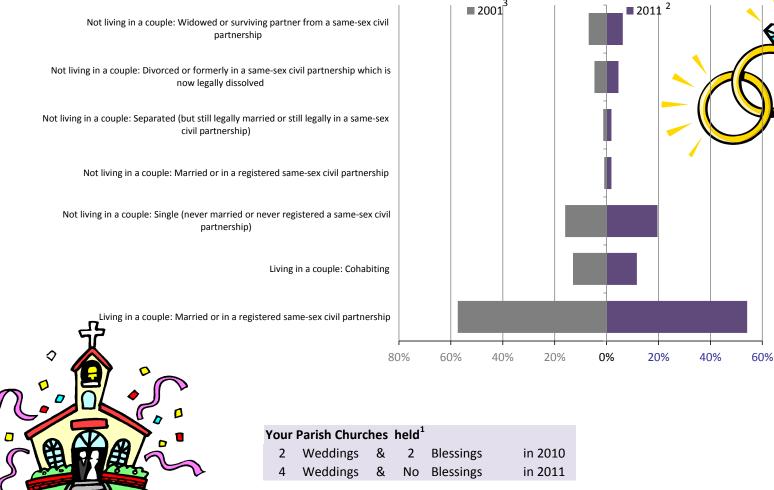
Who lives in your parish? Are there a lot of households with children? What about lone parent households? Are there a lot of people living alone?

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Marital and civil partnership status





Do you hold many weddings in your parish? How is your parish supporting those in the above categories?

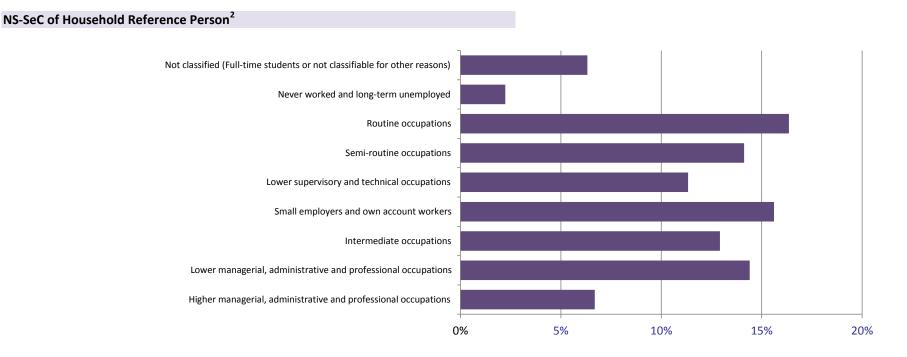


Research

**Statistics** 

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# Research & Statistics

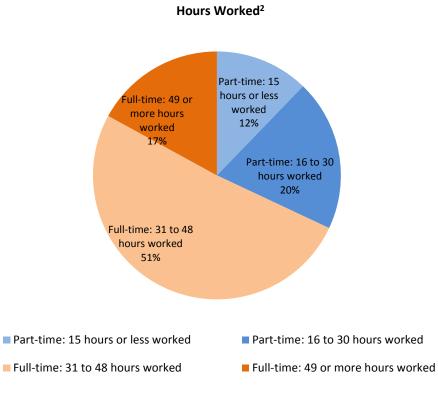


Finance Returns	2011	2010
Parish Income <sup>1</sup>	£40,582	
Tax Efficient Planned Giving (TEPG) <sup>1</sup>	£10,558	
TEPG/PERSON/WEEK <sup>1</sup>	£14	
Other planned giving <sup>1</sup>	£12,222	
Other/person/week <sup>1</sup>	£0	
Parish Expenditure <sup>1</sup>	£20,519	
Parish Share Assessed <sup>1</sup>	£7,475	
Parish Share Paid <sup>1</sup>	£7,475	

The **National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC)** is an occupationally based classification but has rules to provide coverage of the whole adult population. The NS-SeC provides an indication of socio-economic position based on occupation. It is an Office for National Statistics standard classification. To assign a person aged 16 to 74 to an NS-SeC category their occupation title is combined with information about their employment status, whether they are employed or self-employed and whether or not they supervise other employees. Full-time students are recorded in the' full-time students' category regardless of whether they are economically active or not.



How are your parish finances? How does this compare to your community profile?



	La contractor de la contra	
Household Mobility <sup>2</sup>	Households	
No access to a car or van	11%	
Access to at least 1 car or van	89%	

How much free time do residents of your parish have? How accessible are your churches to those with/without cars?

# Proportion of population aged 60+ who are in<br/>receipt of the Guaranteed part of Pension<br/>Credit<sup>5</sup>12%Proportion of working age persons (16-74) with<br/>no qualifications²28%Proportion of working age population who are<br/>in receipt of a key out-of-work benefit<sup>5</sup>5%

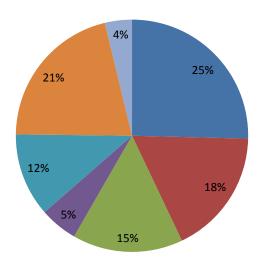


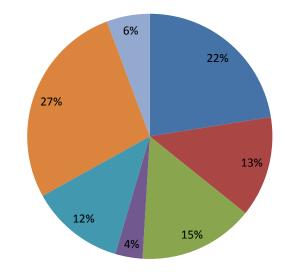
# Research & & Statistics

Church Schools in the parish PEAK FOREST CE PRIMARY SCHOOL DOVE HOLES CE VC Research & Statistics



Parish<sup>2</sup> 2011 (proportion of 16+ population)





National<sup>2</sup> 2011 (proportion of 16+ population)

No qualifications (No formal qualifications)

Level 1 qualifications (1-4 GCSEs or equivalent)

Level 2 qualifications (5 GCSEs or equivalent)

Apprenticeships

Level 3 qualifications (2 or more A-levels or equivalent )

Level 4 qualifications and above (Bachelors degree or equivalent, and higher qualifications)

Other qualifications (including foreign qualifications)



How qualified are residents of your parish? What Church of England schools are available?

HEALTH Research & Hours per week of provision of unpaid care<sup>2</sup> **Statistics** 1 - 19 20 - 49 **88**% 8% 2% 2% General health<sup>+</sup> 1% 16% 39% 41% 3% Very bad health Very good health Bad health Fair health Good health Long-term health problem or disability<sup>2</sup> 10% 82% 8% Day-to-day activities limited a lot Day-to-day activities limited a little Day-to-day activities not limited

Are there people in your parish with health problems? Is there anything you can do to assist with day-to-day activities of those who have health problems?



DEPRIVATION AND KEY ISSUES AFFECTING PARISHIONERS	
DEFRIVATION AND RETISSUES AFFECTING FARISTIONERS	

You parish can be categorised as in the most or least deprived	1 10% or 50% of all	parishes within the diocese	and of all parishes nation	ally
Deprivation Indicator	Score	<b>Diocesan Position</b>	<b>National Position</b>	
Life Expectancy at birth (boys) <sup>6</sup> (1999-2003)	81	10% least deprived	10% least deprived	
Life expectancy at birth (girls) <sup>6</sup> (1999-2003)	81	50% least deprived	50% most deprived	
Life expectancy at birth can give an idea of overall quality of life. Life expectancy is an physique, exercise, diet, drug use including smoking and alcohol consumption, disposit	-		tany can be affected by family histor	ry, marital status, economic status
Proportion of the population aged 60+ who are in receipt of the Guaranteed part of Pension Credit <sup>5</sup> (2012)	12%	50% least deprived	50% least deprived	
Pension Credit is an income related benefit made up of 2 parts - Guarantee Credit and receive this are on a low income. This statistic only covers people living in private hous			s below £142.70 (single people) or £.	217.90 (couples) so those who
Percentage of working age persons (16-74) with no qualifications <sup>2</sup> (2011)	28%	50% most deprived	50% most deprived	
A low-level of skill or educational attainment is one indicator of social disadvantage. Q	ualifications may make it (	easier to find employment. Learning al	so helps promote active citizenship o	nd combat social exclusion.
Percentage of Children under 16 in Poverty <sup>7</sup> (2010)	12%	50% most deprived	50% most deprived	
The proportion of children in families in receipr of either out of work benefits or tax credits where t trips and activities; school uniforms or warm winter clothes, be unable to go swimming, have frien qualifications, have lower employment chances, thus restricting their ability to get a good job and	ds round for tea or celebrate th	heir birthdays. Many will never have a holida		
Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) <sup>8</sup> (2010)	13.8	50% least deprived	50% least deprived	
Deprivation is considered to be a multi-dimensional problem, encompassing a range of domains su which areas are considered to be deprived and above which they are not. While being in the most d				o definitive point on the scale below
Proportion of the working age population who are in receipt of a key out-of-work benefit <sup>5</sup> (2012)	5%	50% least deprived	50% least deprived	
Number of people aged 16 to State Pension age claiming: Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA), Other income related benefits.	, Employment and Support	Allowance (ESA), Incapacity Benefit (II	B), Income Support (IS) (as a lone pa	rent or in the "other" category),
Social rented as a percentage of all households <sup>2</sup> (2011)	9%	50% least deprived	50% least deprived	
Social housing is housing that is let at low rents and on a secure basis to people in hou concentrated in the social housing sector, with low rates of employment and low incor		rovided by councils and not-for-profit o	rganisations such as housing associe	ations. Vulnerable groups are ofte
Lone Parent Households as a percentage of all households with children <sup>2</sup> (2011)	15%	50% least deprived	50% least deprived	
			are.	



Research

**Statistics** 

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DEPRIVATION AND KEY ISSUES AFFECTING PARISHIONERS

It is important to note that these statistics are a measure of deprivation, not affluence, and to recognise that not every person in a highly deprived area will themselves be deprived. Equally, there will be some deprived people living in the least deprived areas.

Deprivation covers a broad range of issues and refers to unmet needs caused by a lack of resources of all kinds, not just financial. The English Indices of Deprivation attempt to measure a broader concept of multiple deprivation, made up of several distinct dimensions, or domains, of deprivation. Seven domains of deprivation are combined to produce the overall Index of Multiple Deprivation. Each domain contains a number of component indicators. The English Indices of Deprivation are a continuous measure of relative deprivation therefore there is no definitive point on the scale below which areas are considered to be deprived and above which they are not. Deprived areas have been defined in this release as those containing LSOAs that are amongst the 10 per cent most deprived in England according to the overall Index of Multiple Deprivation.

			Turnser	UI LJOAS	amongst	Number	UL LOUAS	amongst
Score for	<b>Diocesan position</b>	National position me		st deprive	ed*	lea	st deprive	•d*
parish			1%	5%	10%	1%	5%	10%
13.8	50% least deprived	50% least deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
0.1	50% least deprived	50% least deprived	0	0	0	0	1	0
0.1	50% least deprived	50% most deprived	0	0	0	0	0	1
-0.3	50% most deprived	50% most deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
22.4	50% most deprived	50% most deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
27.1	50% most deprived	50% least deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
-0.6	50% least deprived	50% least deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
28.2	50% most deprived	50% most deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
40.0	50% most deprived	50% most deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.6	50% least deprived	50% least deprived	0	0	0	0	0	1
44.4	50% most deprived	50% most deprived	0	1	0	0	0	0
9.9	50% most deprived	50% least deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
19.5	50% most deprived	50% most deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
25.2	50% most deprived	50% most deprived	0	0	0	0	0	0
0.1	50% least deprived	50% least deprived	0	0	0	0	1	0
0.1	50% least deprived	50% least deprived	0	0	0	0	0	1
	13.8 0.1 0.1 -0.3 22.4 27.1 -0.6 28.2 40.0 4.6 44.4 9.9 19.5 25.2 0.1 0.1	13.8   50% least deprived     0.1   50% least deprived     0.1   50% least deprived     -0.3   50% most deprived     22.4   50% most deprived     27.1   50% most deprived     -0.6   50% least deprived     28.2   50% most deprived     40.0   50% most deprived     44.6   50% least deprived     9.9   50% most deprived     19.5   50% most deprived     25.2   50% most deprived     0.1   50% least deprived	13.850% least deprived50% least deprived0.150% least deprived50% least deprived0.150% least deprived50% most deprived-0.350% most deprived50% most deprived22.450% most deprived50% most deprived27.150% most deprived50% least deprived-0.650% least deprived50% least deprived28.250% most deprived50% most deprived40.050% most deprived50% most deprived44.450% most deprived50% least deprived9.950% most deprived50% least deprived19.550% most deprived50% most deprived0.150% least deprived50% most deprived0.150% least deprived50% least deprived	13.8   50% least deprived   50% least deprived   0     0.1   50% least deprived   50% least deprived   0     0.1   50% least deprived   50% most deprived   0     -0.3   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0     -0.3   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0     22.4   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0     27.1   50% most deprived   50% least deprived   0     -0.6   50% least deprived   50% most deprived   0     -0.6   50% least deprived   50% most deprived   0     40.0   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0     40.0   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0     41.6   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0     9.9   50% most deprived   50% least deprived   0     19.5   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0     25.2   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0     0.1   50% least deprived   50% least deprived   0     0.1   50% least deprived   50%	13.8   50% least deprived   50% least deprived   0   0     0.1   50% least deprived   50% least deprived   0   0     0.1   50% least deprived   50% most deprived   0   0     0.1   50% least deprived   50% most deprived   0   0     -0.3   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   0     22.4   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   0     27.1   50% most deprived   50% least deprived   0   0     -0.6   50% least deprived   50% most deprived   0   0     28.2   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   0     40.0   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   0     44.4   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   1     9.9   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   0     19.5   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   0     25.2   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   0     0.1   50% least deprived   50% least de	13.8   50% least deprived   50% least deprived   0   0   0     0.1   50% least deprived   50% nost deprived   0   0   0     0.1   50% least deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0     0.1   50% least deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0     -0.3   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0     22.4   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0     27.1   50% most deprived   50% least deprived   0   0   0     -0.6   50% least deprived   50% least deprived   0   0   0     28.2   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0     40.0   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0     44.4   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0     9.9   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0     19.5   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0	13.8   50% least deprived   50% least deprived   0   0   0   0     0.1   50% least deprived   50% nost deprived   0   0   0   0     0.1   50% least deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0   0   0     0.1   50% least deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0   0   0     -0.3   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0   0   0     22.4   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0   0   0     27.1   50% most deprived   50% least deprived   0   0   0   0   0     -0.6   50% least deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0   0   0     28.2   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0   0   0     44.4   50% most deprived   50% least deprived   0   1   0   0     9.9   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0   0   0	13.8   50% least deprived   50% least deprived   0   0   0   0   0     0.1   50% least deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0   0   1     0.1   50% least deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0   0   0   0     -0.3   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0   0   0   0     22.4   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0   0   0   0     22.4   50% most deprived   50% least deprived   0   0   0   0   0   0     27.1   50% most deprived   50% least deprived   0   0   0   0   0     -0.6   50% least deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0   0   0     40.0   50% most deprived   50% most deprived   0   0   0   0   0     44.4   50% most deprived   50% least deprived   0   0   0   0   0     9.9   50% most deprived

What are the particular issues that affect your parish? Are you doing anything to address these?



### What to do next?

This spotlight has given you some information about your parish both in terms of your own church congregations and your local community. This is not an end in itself, but rather a starting place for you to explore further. Questions to consider might include:

• What does our congregation look like?

• How does it compare to the local population?

• What other churches are there in the area? What parts of the community do they reach? Which parts of the community are being missed?

• What other local organisations or centres are there, that might bring people into our parish? Examples might be Hospitals or health centres, prisons, job centres, homeless shelters, schools, charities, mother and toddler groups, uniformed organisations, community centres, libraries, shops, offices, stations? How can we interact with these people?

• What areas of our parish do we know well or less well?

• How does the local community change between weekdays and weekends? How do our services and events fit with the shifting local population?

• Is our website/'A Church Near You' profile up to date?

• Are our records up to date?



Your notes



## Sources of further information

**Research & Statistics GIS** http://www.churchofengland.org/about-us/facts-stats/research-statistics/census-2011.aspx Church Urban Fund www.cuf.org.uk A Church Near You www.achurchnearvou.com Police.uk - Local crime and policing information for England and Wales http://www.police.uk/ **ONS - Neighbourhood Statistics** http://neighbourhood.statistics.gov.uk/ Hint: Use the summary box UpMyStreet - UK house prices, property, crime, local neighbourhood & schools http://www.upmystreet.com/ Hint: Use the "My Neighbourhood" tab The network of Public Health Observatories - Health Profiles http://www.apho.org.uk/default.aspx?QN=HP FINDSEARCH2011 Public Health Observatories - APHO JSNA Datasets (The datasets are intended to cover a range of issues, focused on underlying determinants of health and conditions which account for substantial numbers of preventable diseases and deaths.)

www.apho.org.uk/resource/view.aspx?RID=91736 *The Poverty Site - Geographic Analysis* www.poverty.org.uk/summary/regional.shtml

AboutMyArea - The local interactive site - news, reviews, what's on, events, businesses http://www.aboutmyarea.co.uk/ Homeless Pages - Information, Research and Publications on homelessness http://www.homelesspages.org.uk/ MurderMap - London Homicide Reported Direct from The Old Bailey http://www.murdermap.co.uk/ London Street Gangs - Territory maps and background information http://www.londonstreetgangs.com/ Hint: Scroll to the bottom of the "Gang Maps" page to see boundaries.



19

Research

**Statistics** 

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## ABOUT THIS DATA

 Annual parochial returns These have been collected annually between 2007 and 2011 by the Research and Statistics team, Archbishops' Council
ONS Census data 2011

Estimated using OA level data sourced from ONS Census Data 2011, ONS

3 ONS Census data 2001

Estimated using OA level data sourced from ONS Census Data 2001, ONS

4 2007 Church Diversity Survey

http://www.churchofengland.org/about-us/facts-stats/research-statistics/clergydiversityaudit2005linkpage.aspx

5 DWP

# Proportion of the population aged 60+ who are in receipt of the Guaranteed part of Pension Credit (August 2012)

Estimated using LSOA level data sourced from http://83.244.183.180/NESS/BEN/iben.htm

# Proportion of the working age population who are in receipt of a key out-of-work benefit (Q3 2012)

Estimated using OA level data from DWP Information, Governance and Security Directorate from http://statistics.dwp.gov.uk/asd/asd1/tabtools/census\_output\_area\_data/index.php?page=census\_output\_area\_data

6 ONS

Life Expectancy at birth (boys) (1999-2003) Estimated using ward level data from ONS. Life expectancy at birth (girls) (1999-2003) Estimated using ward level data from ONS.

7 HMRC

# Percentage of Children under 16 in Poverty (2009)

Estimated using LSOA level data from http://www.hmrc.gov.uk/statistics/child-poverty-stats.htm

# 8 Department for Communities and Local Government

# IMD (2010)

Estimated using LSOA level data from Communities and Local Government, 2010.

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/6320/1870718.pdf

# When analysing data, it is important to consider that some parishes are very small and proportions may be very large even where very few cases meet the criteria.

# When quoting figures derived from this data, care should be taken with the level of accuracy quoted.

**Methodology:** Government data is published on government boundaries that do not match ecclesiastical boundaries. In order to produce parish population and demographic estimates we have worked with the ONS to use a best fit modelling process. As such, these statistics can only be considered estimates and, particularly in very diverse areas, are best used in the context of local knowledge. Where parish populations are sparse the figures for government areas overlapping the parish are used.

Parish estimates from the census have been calculated using the census output area data published by the ONS. These are provisional estimates, and when more granular data at postcode level is available, will be revised. Estimates have been modelled by allocating the population weighted centroid of each output area to the parish within which it falls. This means that some parishes have not been allocated population, however proportions for demographic variables have been calculated based on the output areas overlaying the parish.

For further information about this process. **please contact statistics.unit@churchofengland.org**.

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